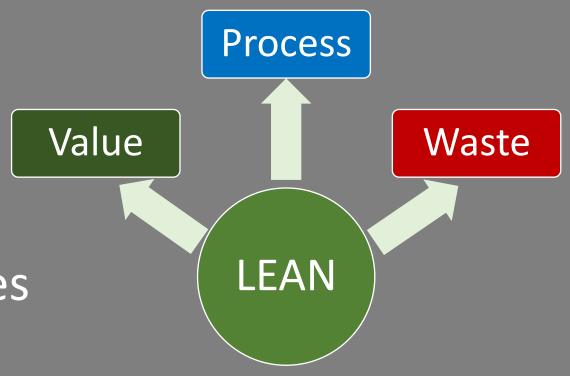
transactions transaction transactions relationship green resources manufacturing scorecard resources manufacturing decide manager electric making satisfaction employee approach drive price processes strategy lean quality balanced tqm general lean quality balanced pricing black crm management belt market time total line data six sigma excellence project motorola control customer company analyze culture improvement decision loyalty workers dmaic front continuous loyalty workers technology process employees products measure performance information service

What is Lean Six Sigma?

Tracy Owens

OUTLINE

- Lean Principles
- Process Analysis
- Improvement Techniques



Plus, there will be a homework assignment...

LEAN IS CUSTOMER FOCUSED

Moments of Truth:

- Every interaction with your Customer Who?
- A chance to improve or damage that relationship
- Obvious: public meeting, counter service, phone conversation
- Less obvious: using your website, receiving an incorrect bill, reading comments



If one person allows a mistake to move through the process how many other people will be affected?





BRIEF INTRODUCTION to LEAN

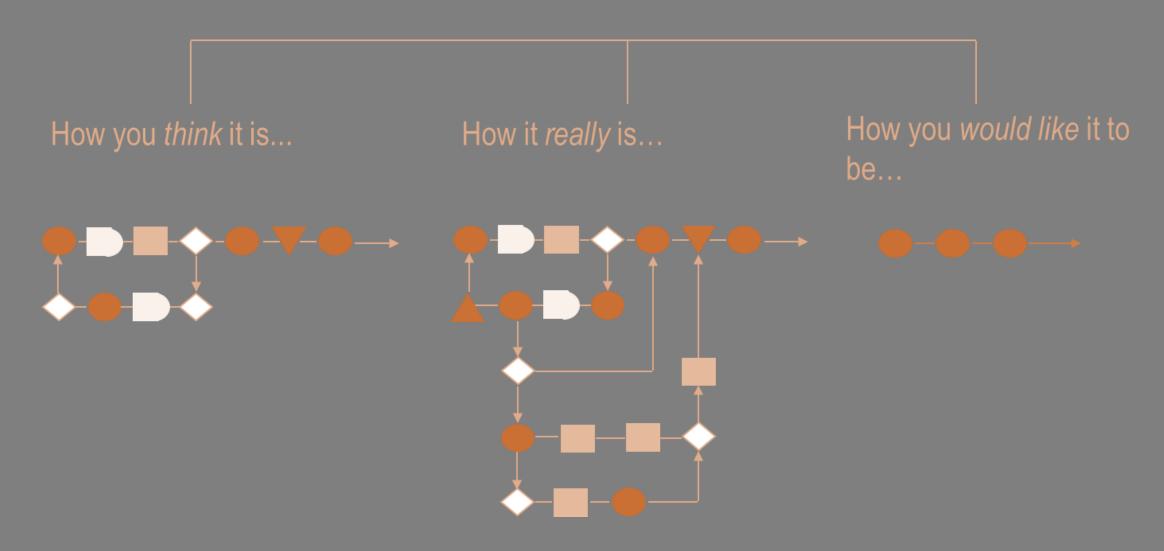
PRINCIPLES of LEAN

- Focus on VALUE
- Define the VALUE STREAM
- Optimize FLOW of work
- Let customers **PULL** the work
- Pursue PERFECTION

LEAN TECHNIQUES

- > Voice of the Customer
- > Value Stream Mapping
- > Waste Analysis / 5S / 5Why?
- > Kanban and Kaizen
- > Plan-Do-Study-Act

PROCESS MAPPING

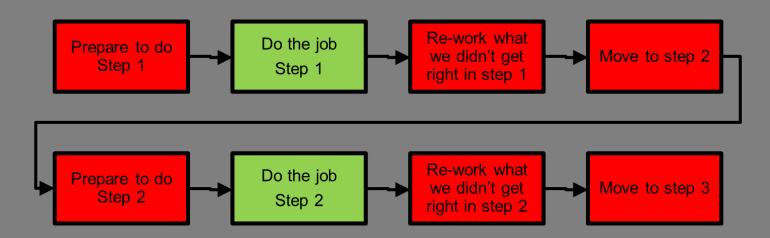


PROCESS ANALYSIS

Eliminate Non-Value-Adding Activities

Accelerate Speed to Revenue

Errorproof the Work so that Rework and Scrap are Avoided



NON-VALUE-ADDING WORK

"VALUE" is the thing your customer wants

"VALUE-ADDING" is any work you do that either PRODUCES or DELIVERS the VALUE

"NON-VALUE-ADDING" is everything else!

For regulatory requirements and other non-negotiables, do only as much as required

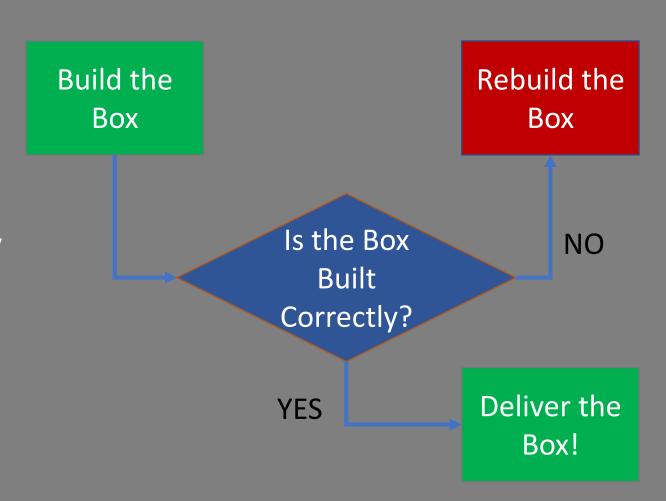




REWORK

When work is not done correctly the first time:

- 1) It must be fixed by somebody
- We annoy the customer by having to make the correction
- 3) We cannot work on something else



W-H APPROACH

Agree with the team on the major steps and/or deliverables for this work process

For each milestone ask

- a. WHO is responsible?
- b. WHAT exactly is the deliverable?
- c. WHEN is it needed?
- d. WHERE will the work be done or sent?
- e. WHY is it necessary?
- f. HOW will it be done?
- g. WHO needs to be notified?

Milestone Mapping Sample

Milestone 1 - Application

5W2H

Who? Developer/Builder
What? Complete application
When? Need 30 days prior to
econ dev deadline
Where? Must send to City Hall
How? Electronic filing is
recommended
Whom to notify? Building dept
must be informed on EC-2

Milestone 2 - Site Plan

5W2H

Who? Developer/Builder
What? Finished plat submitted
When? Within 15 days after
application is received
Where? Send to Zoning
How? Electronic filing is
required
Whom to notify? Building dept
must be informed on EC-2

Milestone 3 - Plans Rvw

5W2H

Who? Building Department
What? Review to building code
When? Decision & documents
needed within 21 days
Where? Leave at desk for
pickup
How? Paper signature required
Whom to notify? Inform econ
dev on EC-2 spreadsheet

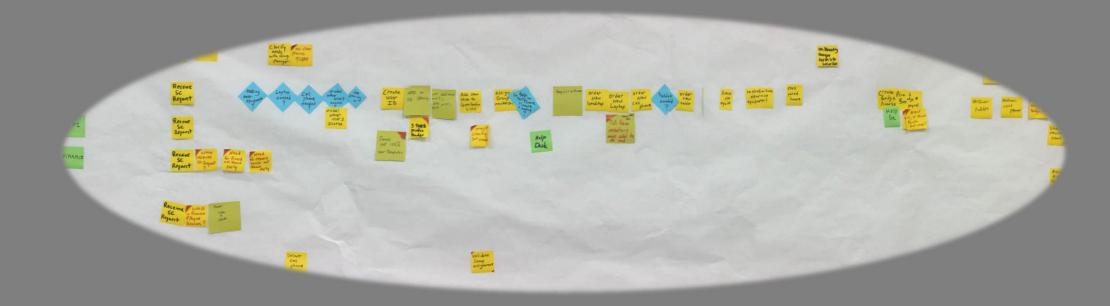
SAVING MONEY with LEAN - MLO

- 1. Operator Motion when operators have to search multiple places, time is wasted
- 2. Transporting Materials and Information when you have to push, time is wasted
- 3. Finished Inventory (overproduction) when it goes to waste*, costs are not recovered *not just products, services also go unused
- 4. Work in Process when you've bought more than you can use, costs are not recovered
- 5. Excess Processing gold-plating a silver order costs money
- 6. Defects they are scrapped, or someone must fix them
- 7. Waiting when value is not being added, time is being wasted

KAIZEN: make lasting improvements

- 1. Gather the right people
- 2. Evaluate the current state
- 3. Identify red flags and waste

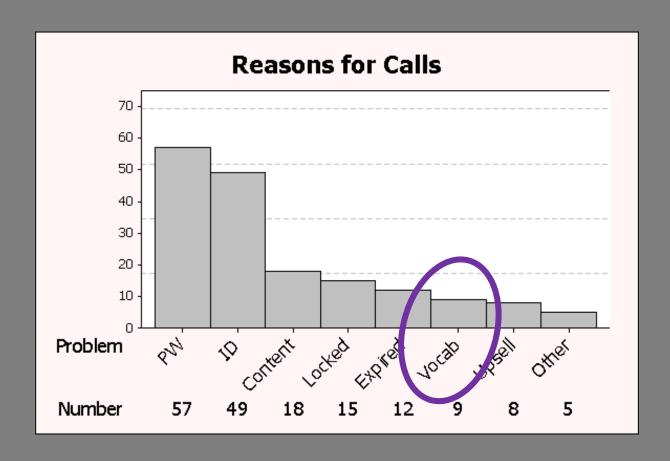
- 4. Sketch a new process
- 5. Test it and refine it
- 6. Implement it today



THE PARETO CHART

- List of the Problems You Face
- Sorted in Order of Frequency*
- Look for Targets in the Tallest Bars
- Lower Bars Can Be Good Targets

- Then Find Ways to:
- Resolve them More Quickly
- Prevent them in the First Place



*Can also be sorted by Severity

ERRORPROOFING the PROCESS

- 1. <u>Elimination</u>: Prevent possibility of errors *Eliminate steps, remove unnecessary work, Remove Fields on a Form*
- 2. Replacement: Substitute more robust process for error-prone actions *Automation,* **Standard Software** so everyone works on the current version
- 3. <u>Facilitation</u>: Make it easy to avoid errors the first time *Visual controls, drop-down menus, Color-Coded Folders*
- 4. <u>Detection</u>: Make it easy to identify errors that do occur *Real-time spell checkers, frequent metrics, Sum Reconciliation*
- 5. <u>Mitigation</u>: Reduce the impact of any errors Fuses, redundant servers, **No Hassle Returns Policy**

5S: a first step toward Lean Thinking

整理 Seiri

整頓 *Seiton*

清掃 Seiso

清潔 Seiketsu

躾 Shitsuke

SORTED: keep what you need close to you

SET in ORDER: everything in its place

SERVICEABLE: ready for use every time

STANDARDIZED: practice all day, every day

SUSTAINED: part of the fabric of our org

5S Saves Time and Effort by Staying Organized and Disciplined

INTERVENTION

Execute

- a) Problem is identified
- b) Solution is known
- c) It is within our control
- d) It is certain to be positive

Pilot Test

- a) Problem is identified
- b) Solution is known
- c) It is within our control
- d) Uncertain about the outcome

Start a Project

- a) Problem is identified
- b) Solution is unknown

Study Further

a) Problem is not well defined

Negotiate

- a) Problem is identified
- b) Solution is known
- c) It is not within our control

Where to Find Improvement Opportunities

SPEED of the Process

Does the overall process take too long?

Do any of the steps in the process slow the overall process down?

Is it possible that the process is done too quickly?

ACCURACY of the Process

Where is rework needed to fix work that was done incorrectly?

What errors are caught in your shop before they reach the client?

What complaints are received from clients or customers?

Process METRICS

Is the process being measured today?

If not, start measuring for **SPEED** and **ACCURACY** right away!

Metrics will tell you when to act.

CONTACT

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