OCBOA (GAAP look-alike)

Presented by: Meghan Needham, CPA, CFE Partner at Julian & Grube, Inc.



Objectives

- Identify the various types of reporting options
- Filing requirements based on Ohio Administrative Code
- Pros and Cons of preparing OCBOA reports

Different Types of Reports

- Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)
- > GAAP Basis Financial Statements
- OCBOA (GAAP Look-a-like) "Other Comprehensive Basis of Accounting"
- AOS Regulatory Basis (Non-OCBOA)

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Financial report that at a minimum contains:

> Introductory Section

Letter of Transmittal, Organizational Chart, Table of Contents, List of Elected Officials, Previous GFOA award

> Financial Section

Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, Basic Financial Section, Note Disclosures, Combining Statements

> Statistical Section

Financial Trends, Revenue Capacity, Debt Capacity, Demographic and Economic Information, Operating Information

GAAP Basis Financial Statements

- Includes MD&A, Financial Statements and Note Disclosures
- Nationally recognized standards of external financial reporting
- Includes the following elements:
 - > Assets
 - > Liabilities
 - ➤ Deferred Inflows of Resources
 - > Deferred Outflows of Resources
 - ➤ Net Position

OCBOA — "Other Comprehensive Basis of Accounting"

- GAAP Look-a-Like's conform with GASB Statement No. 34 presentation
- Reports cash receipts and disbursements
- > Includes the following elements:
 - Management's Discussion and Analysis (optional)
 - ➤ Both Fund Statements and Full Accrual Government-Wide Information
 - ➤ Note Disclosure

OCBOA – Entity Wide Statements

- Statement of Net Position
- Statement of Activities

These statements look at the entity as a whole

No individual fund distinction

Governmental activities separate from Business type

OCBOA – Entity Wide Statements

Statement of Net Position

(government can elect to present other information)

Assets:

Cash and investments

Net Position:

- Restricted
- Unrestricted

OCBOA – Entity Wide Statements

Statement of Activities

Comparison of direct expenses vs. program revenues

General revenues

Separated by governmental and business-type Change in net position

OCBOA — Entity Wide Statements

Statement of Activities

Purpose:

Shows the change in net position

Useful in making long-term management decisions regarding fiscal solvency, cost recovery, reliance on general revenues

Balance Sheet

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances (Budget and Actual

Balance Sheet

- Each Major fund aggregate column for nonmajor fund
- Fund Balance instead of Net Position
- Similar to Statement of Net Position
 - Cash and investments, Fund Balances (restricted vs. unrestricted)

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance

- Each Major fund aggregate column for nonmajor fund
- > Fund Balance instead of Net Position
- Similar to Statement of Activities
 - > Does NOT identify program specific receipts

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance (budget and actual)

- General Fund and Major Special revenue funds (each presented separately)
- Columns for original budget, final budget and actual
- Original First Permanent Appropriations
 (plus prior year carryover) and First Amended
 Certificate

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance (budget and actual)

- Final Board Approved appropriations prior to fiscal year end (can't be retroactive after year end). Includes prior year encumbrances carried forward.
- Actual disbursements include current year encumbrances
- > Fund balance is unencumbered cash balance

OCBOA – Proprietary Statements

- Statement of Fund Net Position
- Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Net Position

A column for each major fund and then aggregate for nonmajor enterprise funds

A column for internal services funds (all combined)

OCBOA – Fiduciary Statements

- Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
- Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Agency Funds, Trust Funds

Getting Started

Shells are available on the AOS website

Local government- reference materials – financial statements footnotes and shells

Obtain prior year note disclosures from auditors to use as a starting point

Customize every note for your entity – if it doesn't apply, it should be removed

- Most common disclosures
 - Reporting Entity
 - > Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
 - > Compliance
 - Budgetary Activity
 - > Deposits and Investments
 - Property Taxes
 - > Income Taxes
 - > Interfund Transfers

- Most common disclosures (continued)
 - > Interfund Advances
 - > Risk Management
 - ➤ Defined Benefit Pension Plans
 - > Postemployment Benefits
 - > Debt
 - > Contractual Commitments
 - Contingent Liabilities
 - > Jointly Governed Organizations

- Most common disclosures (continued)
 - > Fund Balances
 - ➤ Significant Subsequent Events
 - > Amp Ohio Revenue Coverage (if applicable)
 - Restatement of Net Position (required for error corrections and implementation of new GASB standards that impact prior year information)
 - > Other entity specific disclosures

OCBOA — Management's Discussion and Analysis

- Provides an overview of the entity's financial picture for the year
- Includes tables and narratives comparing current year and prior year
- Explanations of significant variances
- Current issues section at the end
 - ➤ Include only items that have an impact on financial position and should only be KNOWN facts do not include things that may or may not happen

Regulatory Basis

- The Auditor of State provides the financial statement shell
- Does not conform to the display requirements of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)
- Cash basis information, no accruals
- Does not include Management's Discussion and Analysis or Note Disclosures
- Information presented by fund type (i.e. General, Special Revenue, Debt Service)

Regulatory Basis

- Libraries, townships, villages and special districts
- Governments that are not required to file GAAP statements per AOS and choose to file regulatory statements will receive a "an emphasis of matter" and an unmodified opinion
- Governments that are required to file GAAP statements and file regulatory statements would receive an adverse opinion

GAAP Basis Financials

- Ohio Administrative Code (OAC 117-2-03) requires the following entities to file GAAP Basis financial statements:
 - > Counties
 - > Cities
 - > School Districts
 - ➤ Educational Service Centers (ESCs)
 - > Community Schools

Hinkle System

- Required to file financial statements using the online Hinkle Reporting System
 - > UAN Users file as part of the closing process
 - Non-UAN users receive a link to the email address on file with AOS
 - Financial Data and demographic information required to be manually entered
 - A full copy of the annual financial statements in one PDF document is required to be uploaded

Users of Financial Reports

- Creditors
- Citizens
- Governing Board
- Unions
- Federal Agencies
- State Agencies
- Other Local Governments

Characteristics of Financial Reporting

- Understandability
- Reliability
- Relevance
- Timeliness
- Consistency
- Comparability



OCBOA — Pros and Cons

QUESTIONS



Contact Information

Julian & Grube, Inc.
333 County Line Rd. West
Westerville, OH 43082
Phone 614-846-1899

Email: Meghan – <u>mneedham@jginc.biz</u>